



## Dumping Commodity Register

### Steel Reinforcing Bar

Exported from the Republic of Korea, Singapore, Taiwan,  
the People's Republic of China, the Republic of Indonesia,  
the Kingdom of Thailand, Spain and Greece

Document release date	Brief description of change(s)
14 March 2018	Addition of Duferco SA as a supplier of Milcon PLC
19 April 2018	Addition of manufacturer/supplier relationship
20 April 2018	Addition of provisional measures for two exporters following initiation of two accelerated reviews.
20 April 2018	Jiangsu Shagang Group added to measures. Measures adjusted for Jiangsu Yonggang Group and Hunan Valin Xiangtan Iron & Steel.
1 May 2018	Adjustment to duty assessment importation periods
15 May 2018	Addition of Duferco Asia Pte Ltd as a supplier of PT Ispat Panca Putera
01 June 2018	Addition of Aspac Alliance Steels SDN BHD as a supplier of PT Putra Baja Deli
19 June 2018	Addition of provisional measures for PT Toyogiri Iron Steel from Indonesia
03 August 2018	Implementation of measures for goods imported from The Siam Construction Steel Co., Ltd, Thailand and N.T.S Steel Group Public Company Limited, Thailand
21 September 2018	Addition of floor price measure for PT Toyogiri Iron Steel from Indonesia
09 October 2018	Amendment to measures for Jiangsu Yonggang, Hunan Valin and Jiangsu Shagang following findings from ADRP review. Addition of supplier BBV Systems Co. Ltd to Manufacturer Millcon Steel PLC

**Note:**

DCRs notify the outcomes of finalised investigations and should be read in conjunction with any relevant current investigations, such as reviews and inquiries. Please refer to the [Cases page](#) on the website to locate any current information for this commodity.

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Question	Response
1. What countries do measures apply to?	<p>On 19 November 2015, anti-dumping measures in the form of interim dumping duties (IDD) were imposed on steel reinforcing bar (rebar) exported from the Republic of Korea (Korea), Singapore, Spain and Taiwan.</p> <p>For more information please refer to the Final Report <a href="#">REP 264</a> and Anti-dumping Notice <a href="#">2015/133</a>.</p> <p>On 13 April 2016, with an effective date of 14 April 2016, anti-dumping measures in the form of IDD were imposed on rebar exported from the People’s Republic of China (China).</p> <p>For more information please refer to the Final Report <a href="#">REP 300</a> and Anti-dumping Notice <a href="#">2016/39</a>.</p> <p>On 7 March 2018, with an effective date of 8 March 2018, anti-dumping measures in the form of IDD were imposed on rebar exported from Nervacero S.A (Spain), Power Steel Co. Ltd (Taiwan), the Republic of Indonesia (Indonesia), Greece and the Kingdom of Thailand (Thailand) except for PT Ispat Panca Putera and PT Putra Baja Deli from Indonesia.</p> <p>For more information please refer to the Final Report <a href="#">REP 418</a> and Anti-dumping Notice <a href="#">2018/10</a>.</p>
2. What types of rebar are subject to anti-dumping measures?	<p><b>The ‘description of goods’ subject to measures are:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hot-rolled deformed steel reinforcing bar whether or not in coil form;</li> <li>• Commonly identified as rebar or debar;</li> <li>• In various diameters up to and including 50 millimetres;</li> <li>• Containing indentations, ribs, grooves or other deformations produced during the rolling process; and</li> <li>• Regardless of the particular grade or alloy content or coating.</li> </ul> <p><b>The following descriptions are <i>excluded</i> from measures, exemption type “GOODS” applies:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Plain round bar;</li> <li>• Stainless steel; and</li> <li>• Reinforcing mesh.</li> </ul> <p>For more information about the description of the goods subject to measures, please refer to Final Reports <a href="#">REP 264</a>, <a href="#">REP 300</a> and <a href="#">REP 418</a>.</p>

<p>2. What types of rebar are subject to anti-dumping measures? (continued)</p>	<p><b>Please Note:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. When importing goods into the country importers are required to self-assess whether the imported goods meet the goods description outlined above and whether anti-dumping measures apply.</li> <li>2. The Anti-Dumping Commission is not in a position to provide advice on whether certain goods meet the description above.</li> <li>3. The use of exemption types is subject to monitoring by the Anti-Dumping Commission (the Commission) and the Department of Immigration and Border Protection (DIBP).</li> </ol>
<p>3. How much Interim Dumping Duties (IDD) will an importer have to pay?</p>	<p><b><u>IDD – all exporters from Spain, Korea, Singapore and Taiwan (except Nervacero S.A from Spain and Power Steel from Taiwan)</u></b></p> <p>IDD is in the form of an ad valorem measure. The total IDD liability is calculated by multiplying the dumping export price (DXP) by the applicable IDD ad valorem duty rate.</p> <p><b><u>IDD – all exporters from China, Greece, Indonesia, Thailand, Nervacero S.A (Spain) and Power Steel (Taiwan)</u></b></p> <p>IDD is in the form of a fixed and variable measure. The total IDD liability is calculated as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• fixed component of IDD: dumping export price (DXP) or ascertained export price (AEP), whichever is the greatest, multiplied by the applicable IDD ad valorem duty rate; <b>plus</b></li> <li>• variable component of IDD: the amount, if any, by which the DXP is lower than the AEP.</li> </ul>
<p>4. Example of how to calculate the Interim Dumping Duties (IDD) liability</p>	<p><b><u>Fixed and variable measures</u></b></p> <p>The following is an <b>example</b> of how to calculate the IDD liability.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• DXP = AUD \$1,000 (Free-On-Board (FOB), cash)</li> <li>• AEP = AUD \$2,000 (FOB, cash)</li> <li>• IDD ad valorem rate = 10%</li> </ul> <p><b>IDD liability</b></p> <p><u>Fixed component of IDD:</u> The higher of the DXP (\$1,000) or AEP (\$2,000) multiplied by the IDD ad valorem rate (10%) \$2,000 (AEP) x 10% = \$200</p> <p><u>Variable component of IDD:</u> The amount, if any, by which the DXP (\$1,000) is lower than the AEP (\$2,000) \$2,000 - \$1,000 = \$1,000</p> <p><b>Total IDD liability: \$1,200 (\$200 + \$1,000)</b></p>

<p>4. Example of how to calculate the Interim Dumping Duties (IDD) liability (continued)</p>	<p><b><u>Ad Valorem Measure</u></b></p> <p>The following is an <b>example</b> of how to calculate the IDD liability.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• DXP = AUD \$1,000 (Free-On-Board (FOB), cash)</li> <li>• IDD/DSA ad valorem rate = 10%</li> </ul> <p><b>Total IDD liability:</b> DXP (\$1,000) multiplied by the IDD/DSA duty rate (10%) = \$100.</p>
<p>5. What is the dumping export price (DXP) and how do I calculate it?</p>	<p>The DXP refers to the actual export price of the exported goods. The DXP should reflect the total export (invoice) price of the goods being entered, not the unit price of the goods.</p> <p><b>The DXP should be recorded on the relevant Full Import Declaration for the goods in the same terms as the AEP for the goods. Calculating the DXP may involve adjusting the actual export invoice price of the goods to the terms specified for the AEP.</b></p> <p>For example, if the AEP terms are “FOB, cash” and the actual invoice terms of the goods are “CIF, 60 days, packed”, the following adjustments will need to be made in order to calculate the DXP at FOB, cash level.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• step 1 - an adjustment for interest on credit terms will need to be made; and</li> <li>• step 2 - the overseas freight and insurance components will need to be subtracted from the export invoice price.</li> </ul> <p>Where suitable evidence cannot be proffered by the importer of the interest rate, then 1.0% per month (0.033% per day) should be applied to the actual invoice price credit terms.</p> <p>An example of adjusting for credit and incoterms is provided below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Invoice terms = CIF, 60 days</li> <li>• Specified terms = FOB, cash</li> <li>• Export price - invoice amount = \$1,000</li> <li>• Marine insurance and ocean freight amount = \$100</li> </ul> <p><b>Step 1 - adjust for credit terms</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 1% per month interest rate should be applied to the invoiced price credit terms (i.e. 30 days = 1%)</li> <li>2. If the invoiced CIF, 60 days price is \$1,000, then the CIF, cash price = \$980 (\$1,000 less 2%)</li> </ol>

<p>5. What is the dumping export price (DXP) and how do I calculate it? (continued)</p>	<p><b>Step 2 - adjust for incoterms</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3. Adjust for freight and insurance to calculate DXP at FOB, cash equivalent</li> <li>4. CIF, cash price of \$980 minus freight and insurance amount of \$100 = \$880</li> <li>5. The DXP price = \$880 FOB, cash</li> </ol> <p>For further instructions/examples on how to calculate the DXP, please refer to the <a href="#">Anti-Dumping Commission website</a>.</p>
<p>6. What information is needed to complete an import declaration for goods subject to measures?</p>	<p>The information required by an importer or Customs broker to complete an import declaration for goods subject to IDD is:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• DXP;</li> <li>• Dumping Specification Number (DSN) or exemption type (where appropriate);</li> <li>• Country (this is usually country of origin or export country);</li> <li>• Tariff classification and statistical code;</li> <li>• Exporter / supplier; and</li> <li>• Quantity.</li> </ul> <p>Please see below to determine which DSN applies to the exporter of your goods.</p> <p>Further advice on how to complete an import declaration for goods subject to anti-dumping measures is available on the <a href="#">Anti-Dumping Commission website</a></p>

7. What are the rates for my exporter and what DSN do I use on the import declaration for my goods?

The following DSNs apply to goods exported from Spain, Korea, Singapore and Taiwan and entered for home consumption on or after 19 November 2015. Please see the third table below for Nervacero (Spain) and Power Steel (Taiwan) DSNs.

Exporter	CCID	Description	Measure	IDD Ad Valorem Rate	Export Terms	DSN
<b>Spain</b>						
<u>Celsa Barcelona</u> <u>Celsa Compañía Española de Laminación, S.L</u>	CEA9739793K CEA9444363J	All types	IDD	4.5%	FOB, cash	98
<u>All other Exporters</u>		All types	IDD	8.2%	FOB, cash	51
<b>Korea</b>						
<u>Daehan Steel Co., Ltd</u> <u>Daehan Integrated Steel Co., Ltd</u> supplied directly or through: <u>Stemcor S.E.A Pte Ltd; or</u> <u>Sungjin Co. Ltd. or</u> <u>Duferco SA</u> <u>Duferco Asia Pte Ltd</u>	CEP7333947X CEH7947434Y CCR6936394T 37601457855 CEX7436437G CCH374996W CFN693939W	All types	IDD	9.7%	FOB, cash	52
<u>All other Exporters</u>		All types	IDD	14.3%	FOB, cash	53
<b>Singapore</b>						
<u>Natsteel Asia (S) PL</u> <u>Natsteel Holdings Pte Ltd</u>	CCH7399693F CCH7399399H	All types	IDD	3.0%		54
<u>All other Exporters</u>		All types	IDD	3.0%	FOB, cash	55
<b>Taiwan</b>						
<u>Wei Chih Steel Industrial Co., Ltd.</u> supplied directly or through: <u>Uni-Soleil Ent. Co., Ltd or</u> <u>We Can Steel Co., Ltd</u>	CCY3496663P CFH9473369M CFN4697493R	All types	IDD	2.8%	FOB, cash	56
<u>All other Exporters</u>		All types	IDD	6.8%	FOB, cash	57

**Please Note:** As duties are in the form of an ad valorem measure there are no confidential instructions.

7. What are the rates for my exporter and what DSN do I use on the import declaration for my goods? (continued)

The following DSNs apply to goods exported from China and entered for home consumption on or after 14 April 2016.

Exporter	CCID	Description	Measure	Ascertained Export Price	IDD Ad Valorem Rate	Export Terms	DSN
<b>China</b>							
<u>Shandong Shiheng Special Steel Group</u>	CEP3777964L CEX9633446A CEX9633764H	All types	IDD	Confidential	15.3%	FOB, cash	77
<u>Shandong Iron and Steel Company Ltd, Laiwu Company</u>	CCE6966744H CEX9333693Y	All types	IDD	Confidential	16.4%	FOB, cash	78
<u>Jiangsu Yonggang Group Co Ltd</u>	CET3963766P CEY7693679E	All types	IDD	Confidential	0%	FOB, cash	127
<u>Hunan Valin Xiangtan Iron &amp; Steel Co Ltd</u>	CCM4333777J	All types	IDD	Confidential	11.8%	FOB, cash	128
<u>Jiangsu Shagang Group Co., Ltd</u> Also traded via <u>Xinsha International Pte Ltd</u>	CEW4969976A	All types	IDD	Confidential	3.6%	FOB, cash	129
<u>All other Chinese exporters</u>		All types	IDD	Confidential	30.0%	FOB, cash	81

**Please Note:**

1. IDD ad valorem duty rates and AEP are considered confidential. Please see below on how importers can request the rates.
2. The actual duty liability may be higher than the effective rate of duty published due to the variable component of IDD that may be payable.

The following DSNs apply to goods exported from Nervacero S.A (Spain), Power Steel (Taiwan), Greece, Indonesia and Thailand and entered for home consumption on or after 8 March 2018.

Exporter	CCID	Description	Measure	Ascertained Export Price	Effective Rate of Duty	Export Terms	DSN
<b>Spain</b>							
<u>Nervacero, S.A.</u>	CEH3967646J CCY7937467T CEK3439797R	All types	IDD	Confidential	7.5%	EXW, Cash	106
<b>Taiwan</b>							
<u>Power Steel Co. Ltd</u>	CER7799943L	All types	IDD	Confidential	4.4%	FOB, cash	107



7. What are the rates for my exporter and what DSN do I use on the import declaration for my goods? (continued)

Exporter	CCID	Description	Measure	Ascertained Export Price	Effective Rate of Duty	Export Terms	DSN
<b>Greece</b>							
<u>All other exporters</u>		All types	IDD	Confidential	42.1%	FOB, cash	108
<b>Indonesia</b>							
<u>PT Ispat Panca Putera</u> Supplied directly or through: <u>Duferco Asia Pte Ltd; or</u>	CFG3467993E CFH9373799R CCT9736743R CFN693939W	All types			Exempt		
<u>PT Putra Baja Deli</u> Supplied directly or through: <u>Aspac Alliance Steels SDN BHD</u>	CFK3433969X CFG4467634J CEE9747664W CFG4464636H CEX4794647F CFK9737443X CCL7999444L	All types			Exempt		
<u>PT Toyogiri Iron Steel</u>	CFP7694663R	All types	IDD – Floor Price	NV - Confidential	Floor Price	FOB, cash	126
<u>All other exporters</u>		All types	IDD	Confidential	9.3%	FOB, cash	109
<b>Thailand</b>							
<u>Millcon Steel PLC</u> Supplied directly or through: <u>Duferco SA or;</u> <u>BBV Systems Co Ltd</u>	CCT4339797N CEH3694466K CEG6936966X CEM4939633T CEG4667939F CFG9764373H CFE6739976W CCH3749967W CEH9964369Y	All types	IDD	Confidential	9.3%	FOB, cash	110
<u>Siam Construction Steel Co. Ltd</u>	CCK6643997R	All types	IDD	Confidential	Floor Price	FOB, cash	124
<u>NTS Steel Group Public Company Limited</u>	CFF4667449H	All types	IDD	Confidential	Floor Price	FOB, cash	125
<u>All other exporters</u>		All types	IDD	Confidential	11.9%	FOB, cash	111

**Please Note:**

1. IDD ad valorem duty rates and AEP are considered confidential. Please see below on how importers can request the rates.
2. The actual duty liability may be higher than the effective rate of duty published due to the variable component of IDD.

<p>8. How do I find out the confidential rate and ascertained export price for my exporter?</p>	<p>The AEP for each DSN are considered confidential and will not be published.</p> <p>Importers of these goods may be provided with the confidential AEP, however the onus is on the importer to substantiate their commercial relationship with an exporter/supplier of rebar by providing evidence of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A previous trading history with a nominated exporter/supplier of the goods. Evidence of a trading history would take the form of at least commercial invoices, packing list and bills of lading from previous shipments. Additional documentation may be requested by the Commission; or</li> <li>• In the absence of a trading history, an offer or a quotation from an exporter/supplier of goods subject to dumping/countervailing measures. The offer or quotation must be on the exporter/supplier's company letterhead – emails will not generally be accepted.</li> </ul> <p>Requests and evidence should be sent to <a href="mailto:clientsupport@adcommission.gov.au">clientsupport@adcommission.gov.au</a>.</p> <p><b>Please note:</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Any requests for the confidential information that do not include sufficient evidence as outlined above will be rejected.</li> <li>2. Only as much of the confidential information as is necessary to enter the goods will be provided.</li> </ol> <p>The ABF will conduct monitoring of imports subject to anti-dumping measures consistent with its published policy.</p>
<p>9. Are there any exporters exempt from anti-dumping measures?</p>	<p>All exporters and suppliers of rebar from Spain, Korea, Singapore, Taiwan, China, Greece, Indonesia and Thailand are subject to IDD, except PT Ispat Panca Putera and PT Putra Baja Deli from Indonesia.</p> <p>The 'all other exporters' rate of IDD will apply to exported goods unless an importer has evidence that the goods are being supplied either directly by a named exporter or through a linked supplier.</p>
<p>10. How long are the measures in place for?</p>	<p>The measures have been imposed for five years, unless revoked earlier.</p> <p>In the case of rebar from Spain, Korea, Singapore and Taiwan the measures are in place until 19 November 2020.</p> <p>In the case of rebar from China the measures are in place until 13 April 2021.</p> <p>In the case of rebar from Spain (Nervacero), Taiwan (Power Steel), Greece, Indonesia and Thailand the measures are in place until 7 March 2023.</p>

<p>11. What tariff classifications and statistical codes are covered by the anti-dumping measures?</p>	<p>Goods subject to measures exported from Spain, Korea, Singapore, Taiwan, China, Greece, Indonesia and Thailand should be classified using the tariff sub-headings and associated statistical codes below:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Tariff subheading</th> <th>Statistical code</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>7213.10.00</td> <td>42</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7214.20.00</td> <td>47</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7227.90.10</td> <td>69</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7227.90.90</td> <td>01, 02, 04</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7228.30.90</td> <td>40</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7228.30.10</td> <td>70</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7228.60.10</td> <td>72</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Where importers are unclear on the correct tariff classification of their goods, it is recommended they contact the DIBP on 131 881 for further advice.</p>	Tariff subheading	Statistical code	7213.10.00	42	7214.20.00	47	7227.90.10	69	7227.90.90	01, 02, 04	7228.30.90	40	7228.30.10	70	7228.60.10	72
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7227.90.90	01, 02, 04																
7228.30.90	40																
7228.30.10	70																
7228.60.10	72																
<p>12. What are the duty assessment importation and application period dates?</p>	<p>An importer of goods on which an IDD has been paid, may lodge an application with the Commissioner requesting that the Parliamentary Secretary make an assessment of the final liability of those goods to duty.</p> <p>This usually occurs when an importer considers that the IDD paid in respect of goods exceed the total amount payable (i.e. importers consider they are entitled to a refund of duties). In relation to IDD, an importer may consider that the dumping margin for the goods is now less than it was during the investigation period, or that its exporter is no longer dumping, and as a result it has paid more duty than it should have paid.</p> <p>There are a series of time frames fixed by legislation that govern the duty assessment system (referred to as importation periods). Duty assessment importation periods and application dates for rebar are as follows:</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>Spain, Korea, Singapore and Taiwan</b></p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Importation Period</th> <th>Application Period</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>19 November 2017 – 18 May 2018</td> <td>19 May 2018 – 18 November 2018</td> </tr> <tr> <td>19 May 2018 – 18 November 2018</td> <td>19 November 2018 – 18 May 2019</td> </tr> <tr> <td>19 November 2018 – 18 May 2019</td> <td>19 May 2019 – 18 November 2019</td> </tr> <tr> <td>19 May 2019 – 18 November 2019</td> <td>19 November 2019 – 18 May 2020</td> </tr> <tr> <td>19 November 2019 – 18 May 2020</td> <td>19 May 2020 – 18 November 2020</td> </tr> <tr> <td>19 May 2020 – 18 November 2020</td> <td>19 November 2020 – 18 May 2021</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Importation Period	Application Period	19 November 2017 – 18 May 2018	19 May 2018 – 18 November 2018	19 May 2018 – 18 November 2018	19 November 2018 – 18 May 2019	19 November 2018 – 18 May 2019	19 May 2019 – 18 November 2019	19 May 2019 – 18 November 2019	19 November 2019 – 18 May 2020	19 November 2019 – 18 May 2020	19 May 2020 – 18 November 2020	19 May 2020 – 18 November 2020	19 November 2020 – 18 May 2021		
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12. What are the duty assessment importation and application period dates?  
(continued)

### China

Importation Period	Application Period
13 October 2017 – 12 April 2018	13 April 2018 – 12 October 2018
13 April 2018 – 12 October 2018	13 October 2018 – 12 April 2019
13 October 2018 – 12 April 2019	13 April 2019 – 12 October 2019
13 April 2019 – 12 October 2019	13 October 2019 – 12 April 2020
13 October 2019 – 12 April 2020	13 April 2020 – 12 October 2020
13 April 2020 – 12 October 2020	13 October 2020 – 12 April 2021
13 October 2020 – 12 April 2021	13 April 2021 – 12 October 2021

### Nervacero (Spain), Power Steel (Taiwan), Greece, Indonesia, Thailand

Importation Period	Application Period
7 November 2017 – 6 March 2018 (Securities Period)	7 March 2018 – 6 September 2018
7 March 2018 – 6 September 2018	7 September 2018 – 6 March 2019
7 September 2018 – 6 March 2019	7 March 2019 – 6 September 2019
7 March 2019 – 6 September 2019	7 September 2019 – 6 March 2020
7 September 2019 – 6 March 2020	7 March 2020 – 6 September 2020
7 March 2020 – 6 September 2020	7 September 2020 – 6 March 2021
7 September 2020 – 6 March 2021	7 March 2021 – 6 September 2021
7 March 2021 – 6 September 2021	7 September 2021 – 6 March 2022
7 September 2021 – 6 March 2022	7 March 2022 – 6 September 2022
7 March 2022 – 6 September 2022	7 September 2022 – 6 March 2023
7 September 2022 – 6 March 2023	7 March 2018 – 6 September 2018

More information about duty assessments is available on the [Anti-Dumping Commission website](#).